and form a common ng potential could e derivative of the greement between Au alloys is somentroduced into the es not account for the Ag-Au alloys. ald be a reflection ith concentration. ice of d ln  $\varrho_0$ /d ln Vich as the Cu-Ag d Ag are not very ing potentials int for the observed VS.

loys as compared Au suggests that  $\varrho^{-1} d\varrho/dP$  for the following simple t two terms in (3) ence of  $\varrho^{-1} d\varrho/dP$ . nined from Goree of o was obtained re obtained from ctions should be 300 °K and was s of (3) and the pared for the c =and 0.75 alloys. erature dependdetermined the . Typically at here  $\varrho_{\rm l}^{-1} \, \mathrm{d}\varrho_{\rm l}/\mathrm{d}P$ sign, the magnia result of the

The difference between the calculated and experimental curve in Fig. 5 can be ascribed to deviations from Matthiessen's rule. The limited accuracy to which the various pressure derivatives can be determined does not allow a very enlightening comparison of the deviations between the different alloys. The significant deviation observed does indicate the importance of considering deviations from Matthiessen's rule in pressure studies of the resistivity of alloys.

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rature dependence of tre derivative of the 5 at % Ag alloy